Understanding Industrial Stormwater Laws and Regulations

Presented by: Dianne R. Phillips Holland & Knight LLP

April 26, 2024

For educational purposes only. Not legal advice. Opinions are my own, not my firm's or my client's.

Federal industrial stormwater management requirements: Overview

- Federal Water Pollution Control Act of 1972 a/k/a Clean Water Act
- Section 402: Point source discharges must be permitted
- Created National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES)
- Subsection (p) added in 1987: Stormwater discharge permitting phased in over time
- 1990 regulations for Industrial stormwater discharges
- First Multi-Sector General Permit (MSGP) issued in 1995

National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit

- Permitting Authority delegated to the States except in Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Mexico, DC, Puerto Rico, and most territories, Indian Country Lands, and federal projects in several states throughout the U.S. where EPA is the permitting authority
- Individual permits and General permits, each permit term not exceeding 5 years
- EPA's Effluent Limitation Guidelines (ELGs): Sector-specific regulations applicable to both state and federal NPDES permits
 - MSGP Section 4.2.3.1 & Part 8

2021 Multi-Sector General Permit for Industrial Stormwater Discharges (EPA)

- Applies where EPA is the NPDES permitting authority
 - 788 facilities in MA and 293 facilities in NH
- Signed January 15, 2021
- Published in the Federal Register February 19, 2021
- Became effective March 1, 2021 with minor modifications effective Sept. 29, 2021
- Notice of Intent (NOI) filing deadline: At least 30 days prior to commencing discharge for new facilities
- Annual reports due January 30th, beginning in 2022 (for existing permittees)

Summary of Key Changes from 2015 MSGP

- **Permit Streamlining**, including **reordering** the parts (Monitoring, followed by Corrective Actions and "Additional Implementation Measures" (AIM), then SWPPP requirements), simplifying and clarifying permit language.
- Adding a new requirement for signage and making the SWPPP publicly available as an attachment to the NOI electronically filed or on a public website.
- Addition of new Part 2.1.1.8 which requires consideration of enhanced stormwater control measures for facilities that could be impacted by major storm events, such as hurricanes, storm surge, and flood events.
- Monitoring changes including indicator monitoring (report only) for pH, Total Suspended Solids (TSS), and Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) for certain subsectors which do not have benchmark monitoring requirements; indicator monitoring for polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs) for certain subsectors and operators; updated benchmark monitoring (values and schedule); and impaired waters monitoring.
- Additional corrective action measures called "Additional Implementation Measures" (AIM) for benchmark monitoring exceedances in 3 tiers.

Permit Streamlining

- Part 1: Eligibility Conditions
 - Geographic area
 - Discharge type
 - Authorized non-stormwater discharges
 - No construction
 - No individual permit
 - Not subject to Effluent Limitations Guidelines (ELGs) (except as noted)
 - No Endangered Species Act impact (Appendix E)
 - Meet National Historic Preservation Act requirements (Appendix F)
 - New dischargers comply with specific "impaired waters" requirements
 - Notice of Intent (NOI) procedures
 - Prior to submission requirements
 - Develop Stormwater Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) (post, submit or describe)
 - Install Required Control Measures
 - Post a sign

Part 2 Control Measures and Effluent Limits

- Technology-Based Effluent Limits (T-BELs)
 - Minimize discharges to the extent achievable in accordance with best industry practice
 - Control measures must be selected, designed, installed and implemented in accordance with good engineering practices and manufacturer's specifications
 - Include documentation and rationale in SWPPP
 - Address Stormwater Run-On
 - Review & Document Specific Design Considerations from 2.1.1 in SWPPP (6.2.4)
 - New Requirement for Major Storm Events (2.1.1.8)
 - Determine if facility subject to flooding by reference to FEMA, NOAA, or USGS flood map products
 - Implement Structural Improvements
 - Implement enhanced/resilient pollution prevention measures
 - Other mitigation measures (consult list a. through g.)
 - Conduct specific staff training
 - Document in SWPPP (6.2.4)

Specific Non-Numeric T-BEL Requirements

- Minimize exposure (2.1.2.1)
- Good Housekeeping (2.1.2.2)
- Maintenance (2.1.2.3)
- Spill prevention and response (2.1.2.4)
- Erosion and Sediment control (2.1.2.5)
- Manage stormwater (diversion, infiltration, re-use) (2.1.2.6)
- Salt piles (2.1.2.7)
- Employee training (2.1.2.8)
- Non-stormwater discharges (2.1.2.9)
- Vehicle tracking (dust generation) (2.1.2.10)
- PLUS Sector Specific Requirements found in Part 8
- Document All in SWPPP

Table 2-1 Numeric Effluent Limitations from ELGs

- 9 Specific ELGs Applicable to Specific Sectors
 - Sector A Timber Products (spray down of logs)
 - Sector C Agricultural Chemical Manufacturing (fertilizer exposure)
 - Sector D Asphalt Paving and Roofing Manufacturing (runoff)
 - Sector E Cement Manufacturing (runoff)
 - Sector J Mineral Mining (dewatering)
 - Sector K Hazardous Waste TSDF (runoff)
 - Sector L Non-Haz Landfills (runoff)
 - Sector 0 Steam Electric Generating (coal storage discharge)
 - Sector S Airports which use deicing (runoff)
- Details Found in Part 8
- Monitoring Requirements found in 4.2.3.1

Water Quality-Based Effluent Limits (WQBELs)

- State Water Quality Standards (WQS) Narrative Requirement
 - Presumed that Permit Compliance Meets State WQS
- Check State Water Quality Certifications in Part 9 for Additional Requirements
- Impaired Waters Specific Requirements
 - New dischargers have higher hurdles
 - Need to identify the first water of the U.S. into which facility is discharging
 - Special requirements for TMDLs
 - Impaired Waters Special Monitoring Requirements
 - Annual monitoring for all impaired pollutants in Year 1
 - Annual monitoring for facility-specific pollutants in year 4
 - Continued annual monitoring if pollutant detected in either case

Part 3 Inspections and Visual Assessments

- Two Distinct Categories
- Qualified Personnel
 - Trained member of stormwater pollution prevention team or consultant (accompanied by a member of SWPP Team)
- Areas which must be inspected
 - Based upon prior year's results
 - Specific areas designated in SWPPP
 - Materials/activities exposed to stormwater
 - Spills or leaks
 - Discharge points
 - Control Measures
- Specific List from Permit of what to look for (3.1.3)
- At least quarterly (and more frequent if needed)
- Document findings (avoid template/boilerplate language; include photos) & keep with SWPPP

Visual Assessments

- Quarterly
- Grab samples
- Collected within first 30 minutes of storm event discharge, if possible (and explain why not)
- Document details & keep with SWPPP
- Look for specific characteristics listed in permit (3.2.2.4) and document
- Initiate Corrective Action whenever evidence of stormwater pollution

Monitoring Requirements - More complicated

- Every facility now has some sort of monitoring
 - Indicator Monitoring Report Only for pH, TSS, COD on quarterly basis for entire term
 - Certain facilities (by sector & seal-coat) Bi-annual PAHs in years 1 and 4
 - Benchmark monitoring by Sector (quarterly) in at least year 1 and 4 (Part 8)
 - Numeric ELG monitoring by Sector & activity annually (exceedance = violation)
 - Impaired Waters with or without TMDL
 - State or tribal requirements (Part 9)
 - Site-specific requirements when notified by EPA
- Benchmark Monitoring results directly implicate Corrective Action
 - Additional Implementation Measures (AIM) Tiered Response (Part 5.2)
 - Quarterly for first 4 quarters, unless exceedance (in which case must reset/continue)
 - Average over 4 quarters or less than 4 samples but exceed 4x benchmark
 - If no exceedance, then can skip until year 4 (4 quarters)
- Impaired Water Monitoring must continue if pollutant detected

Corrective Action & AIM Tiered Response

- Corrective Action is required when
 - Unauthorized release or discharge
 - Violation of numeric ELG effluent limit
 - Control Measures are not stringent enough to meet narrative WQS or requirements of the permit
 - Control measures need repair/maintenance
 - Visual assessment shows evidence of stormwater pollution

AIM Tiered Response

- Tied directly to benchmark monitoring
- Evaluated on a per parameter, per discharge point trigger
- Exceedance means required action goes up a level
- Deadlines measured from knowledge date (lab results received)
- Process is sequential & level cannot be skipped
- Reset to baseline only when AIM responses have been met & continued quarterly monitoring shows no exceedance

AIM Tiered Response

- Required Action depends upon what level the facility is in when the exceedance occurs
 - Level 1 exceedance (same as 2015 procedure):
 - review SWPPP & Stormwater Control Measures within 14 days
 - Implement additional control measures, if necessary
 - Continue monitoring
 - Reset to baseline after 4 quarters with no exceedance
 - Go to Level 2 if exceedance in Level 1
 - Must implement additional pollution prevention & good housekeeping measures within 14 days
 - Continue monitoring
 - Reset to baseline after 4 quarters with no exceedance
 - Go to Level 3 if exceedance in Level 2
 - Must install additional permanent controls within 60 days (but must identify solution in 14 days)
 - Continue monitoring
 - Reset to baseline after 4 quarters with no exceedance
- Exceptions: natural background, run-on, or abnormal event (5.2.6)

SWPPP – Part 6

- SWPPP is a living document requiring periodic revision based on observed conditions
- New major storm event design considerations
 - Describe Part 2.1.1.8 analysis used to evaluate risk of major storm events (6.2.4.6)
- Required Contents
 - SWPP Team
 - Site-specific description (details; site map with required elements from 6.2.2.3)
 - Summary of potential pollutant sources
 - Description of stormwater control measures
 - Include Part 8 and Part 9 requirements
 - Schedules & procedures
 - Don't forget employee training
 - Documentation to support eligibility
 - Signature (include delegation authority documentation)
- Public Availability

Reporting Requirements – Part 7

- Appendix O Summary of Submittal & Retention Requirements
 - Initial Submittals (Notice of Intent & SWPPP or No Exposure Certification) to NeT-MSGP
 - Changes (submit to NeT-MSGP)
 - Annual Reports due by January 30 to NeT-MSGP
 - Monitoring data to NetDMR (within 30 days of receipt of lab results)
 - Indicator Monitoring: every quarter for entire term
 - PAH Indicator Monitoring: twice a year in years 1 and 4
 - Benchmark Monitoring: 4 quarters in year 1 and 4 PLUS as required by AIM
 - ELG Monitoring (4.2.3): once a year for the entire term
 - PLUS 30 days after exceedance
 - Part 9 (state/tribal) requirements: as designated
 - Impaired Waters: once a year in year 1 and 4 PLUS continued if detections warrant

Conditional "No Exposure" Exclusion

- Industrial materials and activities protected by a storm-resistant shelter to prevent exposure to rain, snow, snowmelt, and/or runoff eligible for exemption
 - No exposure certification must be provided (electronic submission)
 - Specific Form Appendix K of the MSGP
 - Recertify every 5 years
 - Does not apply to construction industry subject to Construction General Permit
- Must confirm specified industrial activities are not exposed to precipitation (facility-wide) including using, storing or cleaning industrial machinery or equipment, waste containers, raw materials storage or handling, etc.

Select EPA Web Links

- Stormwater Discharges from Industrial Activities-EPA's 2021 MSGP | US EPA
- <u>Industrial Stormwater Fact Sheet Series</u> | <u>National Pollutant Discharge Elimination</u> <u>System (NPDES)</u> | <u>US EPA</u> (Sector Specific-Updated February 2021)
- <u>Updated Industrial SWPPP Guidance</u> —Provides guidance on developing a SWPPP that meets MSGP requirements (Updated March 2021)
- <u>Updated EPA Industrial SWPPP Template (Word)</u>(27 pp, 117 K, February 2021) —Provides a template that industrial facilities can use to create their SWPPPs.

Thank You

Dianne R. Phillips

617-573-5818 (o)

339-221-0975 (m)

dianne.phillips@hklaw.com

Dianne R. Phillips | Professionals | Holland & Knight (hklaw.com)